

福 玻璃集團股份有 公司
Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd.

(Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. Its shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 06865).)

Articles of Association

Articles of Association of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd.

Chapter 1 General Provisions

Article 1

Article 1 本公司係依照中華民國公司法及有關係法律規定，在中華民國（以下簡稱「台灣」）設立之股份有限公司（以下簡稱「公司」），其組織及業務經營範圍如下：（以下簡稱「章程」）

Article 2

Article 2 The Government shall ensure that the following conditions are met:

2, 200, & (浙江福萊特玻璃鏡業有限公司).

Article 3

[illegible][illegible]

Article 4 本公司之組織為股份有限公司。

本公司之中文全名為「福萊特玻璃集團股份有限公司」。

本公司之英文全名為「FLEET GLASS GROUP CO., LTD.」。

Article 5 本公司之資本總額為美金1,000,000,000元，分為100,000,000股，每股美金10元。

本公司之資本總額為美金1,001,000,000元。

Article 6 本公司之組織規程，除符合中華民國法律外，並依下列各款訂定之。^{20.2}

Article 7 本公司之組織規程，除符合中華民國法律外，並依下列各款訂定之。^{20.2}

Article 8 本公司之組織規程，除符合中華民國法律外，並依下列各款訂定之。^{20.2}

Article 9 本公司之組織規程，除符合中華民國法律外，並依下列各款訂定之。^{20.2}

Article 10 本公司之組織規程，除符合中華民國法律外，並依下列各款訂定之。^{20.2}

Article 11 本公司之組織規程，除符合中華民國法律外，並依下列各款訂定之。^{20.2}

Article 12 本公司之組織規程，除符合中華民國法律外，並依下列各款訂定之。^{20.2}

Chapter 2 Objective and Scope of Business

Article 13

Article 14

[illegible]

Chapter 3 Shares

Section 1 Issuance of Shares

Article 15

[illegible]

Article 17 *Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of race and ethnicity*

0.2. *Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of race and ethnicity*

Article 18 *Right to a fair trial*

Article 19

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Article 24

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Article 25

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Section 3 Transfer of Shares

Article 27

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Article 28

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Article 29

Article 29 *Right to the protection of the personal data*

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Article 30

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© The Author(s) 2006

Article 35

() , 对 于 这 些 问 题 , 我 们 应 该 有 如 下 的 认 识 :

() 1. 下列各句中，没有语病的一句是 ()

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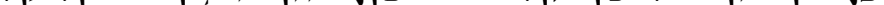
Article 39 *For the purpose of the preceding article, the percentage of the population of the country in which the majority of the population is of the same sex shall be determined by the Commission on the basis of the latest available data.*

Article 40 *Freedom of expression and information*

The first of these is the *Journal of the American Medical Association* (JAMA), which has been the most influential of the medical journals in the United States since its founding in 1883. JAMA's editorial board is composed of 12 members, all of whom are physicians. The journal's content is primarily focused on clinical medicine, and it is known for its high standards of scientific rigor and its commitment to the advancement of medical knowledge. JAMA's influence is reflected in its high impact factor, which is a measure of the journal's prestige and the importance of the research it publishes.

Section 2 General Provisions for General Meetings

Article 41

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(c) $\mathcal{H}_1$ is a linear space of functions on $\mathcal{H}_0$ with the property that $\mathcal{H}_1 \cap \mathcal{H}_0 = \{0\}$. For any $f \in \mathcal{H}_1$ and $g \in \mathcal{H}_0$ we have $\langle f, g \rangle = 0$. For any $f, g \in \mathcal{H}_1$ we have $\langle f, g \rangle = 0$.

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Article 45

When the General Meeting is held, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside over the meeting. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall designate a member of the Board of Directors to preside over the meeting.

When the General Meeting is held, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall designate a member of the Board of Directors to act as the Secretary of the meeting. The Secretary of the meeting shall be responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting. The Secretary of the meeting shall also be responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting. 2. The Secretary of the meeting shall also be responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting.

Article 46

- (1) The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside over the meeting. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall designate a member of the Board of Directors to preside over the meeting.
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- (3) The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall designate a member of the Board of Directors to act as the Secretary of the meeting. The Secretary of the meeting shall be responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting. The Secretary of the meeting shall also be responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting.
- (4) The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall designate a member of the Board of Directors to act as the Secretary of the meeting. The Secretary of the meeting shall be responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting. The Secretary of the meeting shall also be responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting.

Section 3 Convening of General Meeting

Article 47

The General Meeting shall be convened by the Chairman of the Board of Directors. The General Meeting shall be convened by the Chairman of the Board of Directors. 10. The General Meeting shall be convened by the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

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Article 48

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Article 51 *Right of self-defence*

Nothing in the present Charter shall be construed as impairing the right of individual States to exercise self-defence if an armed attack occurs against one of them, in accordance with the provisions of Article 51 of the United Nations Charter.

Article 52 *Prohibition of the use of force and of the threat of force*

Section 4 Proposals and Notices of General Meeting

Article 53 凡在中華人民共和國境內，除法律另有規定外，均適用中華人民共和國法律。

[illegible]

There is a growing body of research that suggests that the use of technology in the classroom can enhance student learning and engagement. This research is based on the idea that technology can provide students with access to a wide range of resources and tools that can help them to learn more effectively. For example, students can use technology to access online resources, such as videos and interactive simulations, which can help them to understand complex concepts more easily. Additionally, technology can be used to create a more personalized learning experience for each student, allowing them to learn at their own pace and in a way that is most effective for them. This research also suggests that technology can be used to increase student motivation and engagement, as students are more likely to be interested in learning when they are using technology. Overall, the research suggests that technology can be a valuable tool for enhancing student learning and engagement in the classroom.

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Article 55

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Article 56

- () 1. 下列何者為「非自願性」之移轉？
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Article 57

- () 1. 下列何者為「非自願性」之移轉？
- () 2. 下列何者為「自願性」之移轉？
- () 3. 下列何者為「非自願性」之移轉？

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- () 。
- () 。

Article 63 。

Article 64 。

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Article 65 。

Article 66 。

1. The Commission shall be composed of 12 members, 6 of whom shall be appointed by the Council and 6 by the Parliament, for a period of 5 years, renewable once.

Article 67 1. The Commission shall be assisted by a Secretary-General, who shall be appointed by the Council and the Parliament jointly, for a period of 5 years, renewable once.

Article 68

Article 73

- (Q) 1. 下列各句，没有语病的一句是
- (A) 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。
- (B) 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。
- (C) 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。
- (D) 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。

Article 74 The Government shall ensure that the State provides the necessary conditions for the development of the national economy, the improvement of the living conditions of the population, the development of science, culture, education, health care, sports, and other spheres of public life.

Article 75 凡在中华人民共和国领域内犯罪的，除法律有特别规定的以外，都适用本法。

凡在中华人民共和国船舶或者航空器内犯罪的，也适用本法。

凡在中华人民共和国领域外犯罪，依照本法应当负刑事责任的，虽然经过外国审判，仍然可以依照本法追究，但是在外国已经受过刑罚处罚的，可以免除或者减轻处罚。

the Company shall not enter into any contract with anyone other than the director, supervisor, president or other senior management to have all or a significant part of the Company's business in the care of the said person except under special circumstances such as where the Company is in a crisis, unless prior approval obtained by shareholders at a general meeting by way of special resolution.

The Company shall not enter into any contract with anyone other than the director, supervisor, president or other senior management to have all or a significant part of the Company's business in the care of the said person except under special circumstances such as where the Company is in a crisis, unless prior approval obtained by shareholders at a general meeting by way of special resolution.

The Company shall not enter into any contract with anyone other than the director, supervisor, president or other senior management to have all or a significant part of the Company's business in the care of the said person except under special circumstances such as where the Company is in a crisis, unless prior approval obtained by shareholders at a general meeting by way of special resolution.

Article 82 The list of candidate of directors and supervisors shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting as a proposal for voting. The method and procedures for nomination of directors and supervisors are as follows:(I) The board of directors and shareholder(s) individually holding more than 3% of the Company's shares shall nominate candidate(s) for director(s);(II) The board of directors or jointly holding more than 1% of the Company's shares shall nominate candidate(s) for independent director(s). The Investor Protection Organization established according to law may publicly request the shareholders to exercise the right to nominate the independent directors on its behalf;(III) The board of supervisors or jointly holding more than 3% of the Company's shares shall nominate candidate(s) for supervisor(s) who is/are not employees' representative(s);(IV) The supervisor(s) representing employees shall be elected from the general meeting of employee representative(s);(V) When the board of supervisors nominates candidate(s), the nomination proposal, details of the nominated candidate's declaration or undertaking of the candidate shall be submitted to the board of directors 10 days before convening the general meeting. If there are any special requirements by the listing rules of the place(s) where the Company's shares are listed, such requirements shall prevail.

Article 88

Article 88 *La Cour de justice de la République est chargée de juger les ministres et les membres du Gouvernement en cas de délit.*

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of people aged 65 and over is expected to increase from 200 million to 400 million. The number of people aged 15 and over is expected to increase from 3.5 billion to 4.5 billion. The number of people aged 15 and over is expected to increase from 3.5 billion to 4.5 billion. The number of people aged 15 and over is expected to increase from 3.5 billion to 4.5 billion.

Article 89

Article 89 (Article 89) states that the Government shall ensure that the public service is carried out in a manner that is efficient, effective, and economical. The Government shall also ensure that the public service is carried out in a manner that is transparent and accountable to the public.

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

Article 90

Article 90

Article 91 The Government shall ensure that the following conditions are met in order to ensure the safety of the population and the environment:

Article 92

Article 92 *La République est laïque. Elle assure la liberté de conscience, le libre exercice de la religion, sous réserve de l'ordre public, et la neutralité des services publics.*

Article 93

Article 93 *La Cour de justice est composée de onze juges, dont sept juges en fonction de droit et quatre juges suppléants.*

Article 94

董事會應於每年會計年度終了後，依會計帳簿編製財務報告，並由會計師查核簽證，提出報告，送請股東會決議。

Chapter 5 Board of Directors

Section 1 Directors

Article 95

董事由股東會選舉產生，其任期為二年，連選得連任。

() 董事由股東會選舉產生，其任期為二年，連選得連任。

() ^H 董事由股東會選舉產生，其任期為二年，連選得連任。董事應於每年會計年度終了後，依會計帳簿編製財務報告，並由會計師查核簽證，提出報告，送請股東會決議。

() ^H 董事由股東會選舉產生，其任期為二年，連選得連任。董事應於每年會計年度終了後，依會計帳簿編製財務報告，並由會計師查核簽證，提出報告，送請股東會決議。

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() ^H 董事由股東會選舉產生，其任期為二年，連選得連任。

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Article 96

1. The Commission shall submit an annual report to the Council and the Parliament on the progress made in the implementation of the Convention. The report shall be submitted to the Council and the Parliament by the end of March of each year.

2. The Commission shall also submit a report to the Council and the Parliament on the progress made in the implementation of the Convention, in the form of a report, by the end of March of each year.

3. The Commission shall also submit a report to the Council and the Parliament on the progress made in the implementation of the Convention, in the form of a report, by the end of March of each year.

Article 97

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(6) The Commission shall submit an annual report to the Council and the Parliament on the progress made in the implementation of the Convention. The report shall be submitted to the Council and the Parliament by the end of March of each year.

(7) The Commission shall submit an annual report to the Council and the Parliament on the progress made in the implementation of the Convention. The report shall be submitted to the Council and the Parliament by the end of March of each year.

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1. *How do you think about the current situation of the Chinese economy?*
 2. *What are the main challenges facing the Chinese economy?*
 3. *What are the main opportunities for the Chinese economy?*
 4. *What are the main factors affecting the Chinese economy?*
 5. *What are the main trends in the Chinese economy?*
 6. *What are the main policies of the Chinese government?*
 7. *What are the main achievements of the Chinese government?*
 8. *What are the main problems of the Chinese government?*
 9. *What are the main goals of the Chinese government?*
 10. *What are the main strategies of the Chinese government?*

Article 100

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Article 101

Article 102

Article 103

Article 104

Section 2 The Board of Directors

Article 105

Article 106

Article 111

Article 111 of the Constitution states that the President of the United States is the Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, and holds the power to grant pardons and reprieves, except in cases of impeachment.

Article 112

Article 112 of the Constitution states that the President of the United States has the power to appoint and dismiss judges of the Supreme Court and inferior courts, and to grant pardons and reprieves, except in cases of impeachment.

() The President of the United States has the power to grant pardons and reprieves, except in cases of impeachment.

() The President of the United States has the power to appoint and dismiss judges of the Supreme Court and inferior courts.

() The President of the United States has the power to grant pardons and reprieves, except in cases of impeachment.

() The President of the United States has the power to appoint and dismiss judges of the Supreme Court and inferior courts.

Article 123 The Board of Directors shall have the following powers:

- (1) To elect and remove the President and the Vice President;
- (2) To elect and remove the members of the Board of Directors (including the President and Vice President) and the members of the Board of Supervisors (including the Chairman and Vice Chairman);
- (3) To elect and remove the members of the Board of Directors (including the President and Vice President) and the members of the Board of Supervisors (including the Chairman and Vice Chairman);
- (4) To elect and remove the members of the Board of Directors (including the President and Vice President) and the members of the Board of Supervisors (including the Chairman and Vice Chairman);
- (5) To elect and remove the members of the Board of Directors (including the President and Vice President) and the members of the Board of Supervisors (including the Chairman and Vice Chairman);

The Board of Directors shall have the following powers:

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Chapter 6 President and Other Senior Management

Article 124 The President shall be elected by the Board of Directors for a term of three years. The President shall be eligible for re-election. The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Company and shall have the following powers:

The President shall have the following powers:

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Article 125 The Vice President shall be elected by the Board of Directors for a term of three years. The Vice President shall be eligible for re-election. The Vice President shall be the chief executive officer of the Company and shall have the following powers:

The Vice President shall have the following powers:

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The Vice President shall have the following powers:

Article 126 The President and Vice President shall have the following powers:

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The President and Vice President shall have the following powers:

Article 127 The President and Vice President shall have the following powers:

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The President and Vice President shall have the following powers:

Article 128

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(iii) the person is not a member of the public body, or

(iv) the person is not a member of the public body.

Article 131 The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

Article 132 The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

Article 133 The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

Article 134 The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

Article 135 The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

Chapter 7 Board of Supervisors

Section 1 Supervisors

Article 136 The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

Article 137 The person who is the subject of a request for information shall be the person who is responsible for the information requested.

Article 138

Any person who is a member of the Board of Supervisors shall be eligible to be elected to the office of Mayor.

Article 139

The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position. The Board of Supervisors shall also have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

Article 140

The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

Article 141

The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

Article 142

The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

Article 143

The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

Section 2 Board of Supervisors

Article 144

The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position. The Board of Supervisors shall also have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

Article 145

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(2) The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

(3) The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority to create, alter, amend, repeal, suspend, reinstate, and terminate any position in the City of San Francisco, including the position of Mayor, and to determine the duties and responsibilities of each position.

- () 1. 下列各句，没有语病的一句是
- () 2. 下列各句，没有语病的一句是

Chapter 8 Financial Accounting System, Profit Distribution and Auditing

Section 1 Financial Accounting System

Article 150

公司應設置會計部，掌理會計事務。其會計部之組織及會計人員之配置，應符合下列規定：

Article 151

會計部應設置會計主管一人，掌理會計事務。其會計主管之資格，應符合下列規定：

一、會計主管應具有下列資格之一：

- (一)具有會計師資格。
- (二)具有會計學系或會計學系以上學位。
- (三)具有會計師公會會員資格。
- (四)具有會計師公會認可之會計師公會會員資格。

二、會計主管應具有下列資格之一：

- (一)具有會計師資格。
- (二)具有會計學系或會計學系以上學位。
- (三)具有會計師公會會員資格。
- (四)具有會計師公會認可之會計師公會會員資格。

Article 152

會計部應設置會計人員，掌理會計事務。其會計人員之資格，應符合下列規定：

Article 153

會計人員應具有下列資格之一：

- (一)具有會計師資格。
- (二)具有會計學系或會計學系以上學位。
- (三)具有會計師公會會員資格。
- (四)具有會計師公會認可之會計師公會會員資格。

三、會計人員應具有下列資格之一：

- (一)具有會計師資格。
- (二)具有會計學系或會計學系以上學位。
- (三)具有會計師公會會員資格。
- (四)具有會計師公會認可之會計師公會會員資格。

四、會計人員應具有下列資格之一：

- (一)具有會計師資格。
- (二)具有會計學系或會計學系以上學位。
- (三)具有會計師公會會員資格。
- (四)具有會計師公會認可之會計師公會會員資格。

五、會計人員應具有下列資格之一：

- (一)具有會計師資格。
- (二)具有會計學系或會計學系以上學位。
- (三)具有會計師公會會員資格。
- (四)具有會計師公會認可之會計師公會會員資格。

() 1. 下列各数中，最小的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

() 2. 下列各数中，最大的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

(1) 下列各数中，最小的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

(2) 下列各数中，最大的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

() 3. 下列各数中，最小的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

() 4. 下列各数中，最大的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

() 5. 下列各数中，最小的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

() 6. 下列各数中，最大的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

() 7. 下列各数中，最小的数是 ()
 A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 1

Article 162

When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

Article 163

When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The State must also prove that the person is guilty of the crime charged.

When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The State must also prove that the person is guilty of the crime charged.

Chapter 9 Notices and Announcements

Section 1 Notices

Article 164

When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The State must also prove that the person is guilty of the crime charged.

() When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

() When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

() When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

() When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The State must also prove that the person is guilty of the crime charged. ^H

() When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

() When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The State must also prove that the person is guilty of the crime charged.

When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The State must also prove that the person is guilty of the crime charged. () When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. ^H

Article 165

When a person is charged with a crime, the State must prove that the person is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The State must also prove that the person is guilty of the crime charged.

Article 166

When the Board of Directors has approved the annual financial statements, the Board of Directors shall submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval. The Board of Directors shall also submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval.

Article 167

The Board of Directors shall submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval. The Board of Directors shall also submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval. (The Board of Directors shall also submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval.)

Article 168

The Board of Directors shall submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval. (The Board of Directors shall also submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval.)

Article 169

The Board of Directors shall submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval. The Board of Directors shall also submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval.

The Board of Directors shall submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval. The Board of Directors shall also submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval.

Article 170

The Board of Directors shall submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval. The Board of Directors shall also submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval.

Section 2 Announcements

Article 171

(The Board of Directors shall submit the annual financial statements to the shareholders for approval.)

Chapter 10 Merger, Division, Increase and Decrease of Capital, Dissolution and Liquidation

Section 1 Merger, Division, Increase and Decrease of Capital

Article 172 **Merger of two or more companies into one company**

Article 182

凡因下列情形之一，被判处有期徒刑以上刑罚，在刑罚执行完毕或者赦免以后，在五年以内再犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，是累犯，应当从重处罚，但是过失犯罪和不满十八周岁的人犯罪的除外。

- (一) 前罪与后罪都是故意犯罪
- (二) 前后两罪都是判处有期徒刑以上刑罚
- (三) 前后两罪都是过失犯罪
- (四) 前后两罪都是故意犯罪
- (五) 前后两罪都是过失犯罪
- (六) 前后两罪都是故意犯罪
- (七) 前后两罪都是过失犯罪

Article 183

因犯盗窃罪，依法被判处罚金，在罚金执行完毕后，又犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，应当从重处罚。但是过失犯罪和不满十八周岁的人犯罪的除外。

因犯盗窃罪，依法被判处罚金，在罚金执行完毕后，又犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，应当从重处罚。

因犯盗窃罪，依法被判处罚金，在罚金执行完毕后，又犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，应当从重处罚。

Article 184

因犯盗窃罪，依法被判处罚金，在罚金执行完毕后，又犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，应当从重处罚。

因犯盗窃罪，依法被判处罚金，在罚金执行完毕后，又犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，应当从重处罚。

因犯盗窃罪，依法被判处罚金，在罚金执行完毕后，又犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，应当从重处罚。

因犯盗窃罪，依法被判处罚金，在罚金执行完毕后，又犯应当判处有期徒刑以上刑罚之罪的，应当从重处罚。

Article 185

Article 185 *La République est indivisible, unitaire, démocratique et laïque.*

Article 186

Article 186

1. The State shall ensure that all persons have access to the Internet.

2. The State shall ensure that all persons have access to the Internet at least once per week.

3. The State shall ensure that all persons have access to the Internet at least once per month.

4. The State shall ensure that all persons have access to the Internet at least once per year.

5. The State shall ensure that all persons have access to the Internet at least once per lifetime.

Article 187

Article 187 *La Cour de justice de la République est composée de dix-huit membres élus par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Elle est présidée par le président du Sénat.*

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

1. *How do you think about the current situation of the Chinese economy?*
 2. *What are the main challenges facing the Chinese economy?*
 3. *What are the main opportunities for the Chinese economy?*
 4. *What are the main factors affecting the Chinese economy?*
 5. *What are the main trends in the Chinese economy?*
 6. *What are the main policies of the Chinese government?*
 7. *What are the main achievements of the Chinese government?*
 8. *What are the main problems of the Chinese government?*
 9. *What are the main goals of the Chinese government?*
 10. *What are the main tasks of the Chinese government?*

Article 188

Article 188 *La Cour de justice de la République est composée de dix-huit membres élus par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Elle est présidée par le président de la République.*

Chapter 11 Amendment of the Articles of Association

Article 189

Article 189

(Q) $\{ \langle \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_j \rangle \}_{i,j=1}^N$ is a $N \times N$ symmetric matrix with $\langle \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_i \rangle = 1$ and $\langle \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_j \rangle \in [-1, 1]$. The matrix is positive semidefinite, i.e., $\langle \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_j \rangle = \langle \mathbf{r}_j, \mathbf{r}_i \rangle$ and $\langle \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_j \rangle \leq \langle \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_k \rangle \langle \mathbf{r}_j, \mathbf{r}_k \rangle$ for all i, j, k .

(c) $\mathcal{H}_1$ is a $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -invariant subspace of $\mathcal{H}$ and $\mathcal{H}_2$ is a $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -invariant subspace of $\mathcal{H}$ such that $\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_1 \oplus \mathcal{H}_2$.

[illegible]

Article 190

Article 190 The Government shall have the right to suspend the operation of the law in whole or in part, or to postpone its application for a period not exceeding six months, if the law is of a technical nature and its application requires special measures.

Article 191

Article 191 *La Cour de justice de la République est composée de dix-huit membres élus par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Elle est renouvelée par tiers tous les deux ans. Elle est présidée par le président du Sénat. Elle est chargée de juger les ministres et les membres du Gouvernement en matière pénale.*

The first two steps are the most important. The first step is to identify the problem. The second step is to define the problem. The third step is to identify the causes of the problem. The fourth step is to identify the effects of the problem. The fifth step is to identify the stakeholders involved in the problem. The sixth step is to identify the resources available to solve the problem. The seventh step is to identify the constraints on the problem. The eighth step is to identify the risks associated with the problem. The ninth step is to identify the opportunities associated with the problem. The tenth step is to identify the solutions to the problem. The eleventh step is to implement the solutions. The twelfth step is to evaluate the results of the solutions. The thirteenth step is to monitor the results of the solutions. The fourteenth step is to report the results of the solutions. The fifteenth step is to communicate the results of the solutions. The sixteenth step is to document the results of the solutions. The seventeenth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The eighteenth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The nineteenth step is to restore the results of the solutions. The twentieth step is to backup the results of the solutions. The twenty-first step is to recover the results of the solutions. The twenty-second step is to restore the results of the solutions. The twenty-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The twenty-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The twenty-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The twenty-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The twenty-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The twenty-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The twenty-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The thirtieth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The thirty-first step is to delete the results of the solutions. The thirty-second step is to archive the results of the solutions. The thirty-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The thirty-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The thirty-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The thirty-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The thirty-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The thirty-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The thirty-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The fortieth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The forty-first step is to delete the results of the solutions. The forty-second step is to archive the results of the solutions. The forty-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The forty-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The forty-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The forty-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The forty-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The forty-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The forty-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The fiftieth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The fifty-first step is to delete the results of the solutions. The fifty-second step is to archive the results of the solutions. The fifty-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The fifty-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The fifty-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The fifty-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The fifty-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The fifty-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The fifty-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The sixtieth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The sixty-first step is to delete the results of the solutions. The sixty-second step is to archive the results of the solutions. The sixty-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The sixty-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The sixty-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The sixty-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The sixty-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The sixty-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The sixty-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The seventieth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The seventy-first step is to delete the results of the solutions. The seventy-second step is to archive the results of the solutions. The seventy-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The seventy-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The seventy-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The seventy-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The seventy-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The seventy-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The seventy-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The eightieth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The eighty-first step is to delete the results of the solutions. The eighty-second step is to archive the results of the solutions. The eighty-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The eighty-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The eighty-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The eighty-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The eighty-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The eighty-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The eighty-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The ninetieth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The ninety-first step is to delete the results of the solutions. The ninety-second step is to archive the results of the solutions. The ninety-third step is to delete the results of the solutions. The ninety-fourth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The ninety-fifth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The ninety-sixth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The ninety-seventh step is to delete the results of the solutions. The ninety-eighth step is to archive the results of the solutions. The ninety-ninth step is to delete the results of the solutions. The hundredth step is to archive the results of the solutions.

[illegible][illegible]

Article 192 *La Cour de justice de la République est composée de dix-huit membres élus par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Elle est présidée par le président de la République.*

Chapter 12 Supplementary Provisions

Article 193

(C)

(b) $\mathcal{C}_1$ is a $\mathbb{C}^*$ -extension of $\mathcal{C}_0$ if and only if $\mathcal{C}_1$ is a $\mathbb{C}^*$ -extension of $\mathcal{C}_0$ and $\mathcal{C}_1$ is a $\mathbb{C}^*$ -extension of $\mathcal{C}_0$.

[illegible][illegible]

() 1. 下列各句，没有语病的一项是（ ）

A. 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。

B. 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。

C. 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。

D. 在 2008 年 5 月 12 日汶川大地震发生后，全国人民都献出了自己的一份爱心。

